2025A3

MASS & MASS BALANCES

LEVEL 1 QUESTION (GRADES 5 – 8)

Solution: Steady - State Behavior of the Sand Pile

The problem states that the amount of sand added by the dump truck to the pile **each minute** is equal to the amount removed by trucks **each minute**. This means the system is in **steady state**, where:

$$Mass In = Mass Out$$

Since the mass entering equals the mass leaving, no accumulation occurs in the system.

Step-by-Step Breakdown (Optional for Verification)

Even after 30 minutes, the mass in every minute still equals the mass out every minute.

Step 1: Calculate the total mass has entered the system (sand pile) in 30 minutes

Mass in after 30 minutes = $500kg/min \times 30 min = 15000 kg$

Step 2: Calculate the total mass that has been left in the system (sand pile) in 30 minutes.

Mass out after 30 minutes = $500kg/min \times 30 min = 15000 kg$

Step 3: Apply the mass balance

Mass In = Mass Out + Mass Accumulated

15,000kg = 15,000kg + Mass Accumulated

Step 4: Rearrange equation and solve for mass accumulated

Mass Accumulated = 15,000kg - 15,000kg = 0kg

Final answer: 0 kg. There is **no accumulation** of mass in steady state.

LEVEL 2 QUESTION (GRADES 8 – 11)

Solution: Cement Accumulation in Mixer

We will calculate the total cement in the mixer after 6 hours, considering the two different intervals:

- 1. First 2 hours: No cement is removed.
- 2. Next 4 hours: Cement is added and removed at different rates.

Step 1: Find the total cement in the first two hours

The problem states no cement is removed in the first two hours. Since 1000 kg of cement is added every hours (1000 kg per hour), we use the mass balance equation:

Mass In = Mass Out + Mass Accumulated

$$\frac{1,000 \, kg}{hour} * 2 \, hours = 0 \, kg + Mass \, Accumulated$$

 $Mass\ Accumulated = 2,000\ kg$

Step 2: Find the total cement in the next four hours

During the next 4 hours, cement is:

- Added at 1000 kg per hour
- Removed at 750 kg per hour

First, we can calculate find the cement accumulation every hour

 $Mass\ Accumulated = Mass\ In - Mass\ Out$

$$\textit{Mass Accumulated} = \frac{1,000 kg}{\textit{hour}} - \frac{750 \ \textit{kg}}{\textit{hour}}$$

$$\textit{Mass Accumulated} = \frac{250 \; \textit{kg}}{\textit{hour}}$$

Then, we can calculate the total cement accumulation in 4 hours.

Mass Accumulated =
$$\frac{250 \text{ kg}}{\text{hour}} \times 4 \text{ hours}$$

$$Mass\ Accumulated = 1,000\ kg$$

Step 3: Calculating the final cement in the mixer after 6 hours.

Recall that the problem states that the **mixer initially contains 2,500 kg** of cement. After 6 hours, the total cement mass is:

Final Cement Mass = Initial Mass + Mass Accumulated in 2 hours + Mass Accumulated in 6 hours

Final Cement Mass =
$$2,500 kg + 2,000 kg + 1,000 kg = 5,500 kg$$

Final Answer: There is 5,500 kg of cement in the mixer after 6 hours.